



- Contains pyrethrins—a botanical insecticide derived from chrysanthemums
- Fast acting
- Kills more than 140 insects
- For indoor and outdoor production
- For use in food handling, processing and storage areas



**ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:**

Pyrethrins, a botanical insecticide.....	5.00%
OTHER INGREDIENTS .....	95.00%
	100.00%



KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

**CAUTION**

See inside for first aid and precautionary statements.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

**USE RESTRICTIONS**

- Apply this product only as specified on this label.
- Do not contaminate food or feedstuffs.
- Do not use product directly on domestic (companion) animals (dogs, cats, puppies or kittens).
- Not for use in outdoor residential misting systems.
- Do not make applications during rain.
- Do not use in aircraft cabins.
- Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.
- Do not enter or allow others to enter until sprays have dried.
- Do not enter or allow to enter until vapors, and mists, and/or aerosols have dispersed, and the treated area has been thoroughly ventilated.
- Do not remain in treated area. Exit area immediately and remain outside the treated area until aerosols, vapors, and/or mists have dispersed.
- When used indoors as a crack-and-crevice, surface, or space spray applications. Remove or cover exposed food and drinking water before application. Remove or cover dishes, utensils, food processing equipment and food preparation surfaces or wash them before use.

- When used in indoor food handling/processing facilities. Do not make space spray applications when the facility is in operation. Prior to space spray applications, cover or remove exposed food. Prior to space spray applications, cover food processing surfaces or clean after treatment and before use.
  - When used in dairy barns or facilities: Close milk bulk tank lids to prevent contamination from spray and from dead or falling insects. Remove or cover milking utensils before application. Wash teats of animals before milking.
  - When applying as an outdoor surface and space spray application. All outdoor applications must be limited to spot or crack-and-crevice treatments only, except for the following permitted uses: (1) Treatment to soil or vegetation around structures; (2) Applications to lawns, turf, and other vegetation; and (3) Applications to building foundations, up to a maximum height of 3 feet. Other than applications to building foundations, all outdoor applications to impervious surfaces such as sidewalks, driveways, patios, porches and structural surfaces (such as windows, doors and eaves) are limited to spot and crack-and-crevice applications only.
  - Do not wet plants to the point of run-off or drip.
  - Remove pets, birds and cover fish aquariums before application.
- For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency for pesticide regulation.

**AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS**

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR, Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas (that is permitted under Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water), is:

Long sleeved shirt and long pants;

Chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate, Nitrile Rubber, Neoprene Rubber, or Viton;

Shoes plus socks.

For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency for pesticide regulation.

**NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS**

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR, Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Keep unprotected persons out of treated areas until sprays have dried.

Wear protective clothing when using or handling this product to help avoid exposure to eyes and skin. Eye protection, gloves, a long-sleeved shirt and long pants are recommended.

Allow spray to dry before allowing adults, children or pets on treated areas.

For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

**INDOOR AREAS for use in and around:**

Aircraft (not aircraft cabins)	Canneries	Drugstores	Homes	Milking Parlors	Railroad Cars	Textile Mills and Warehouses
Animal Areas and Quarters	Casinos	Dumpsters	Horse Stables and Barns	Mills	Recreational Vehicles	Theaters
Animal Control Centers	Cattle Barns	Dwellings	Horse Trailers	Mini Storage	Research Animal Quarters	Tobacco Factories
Animal Shelters	Cattle Stalls	Egg Processing Plants	Hospices	Mobile Canteens	Restaurants	Tobacco Warehouses
Apartments	Churches	Factories	Hospitals	Mobile Canteens	Retail Stores	Tool Sheds
Arcades	Circus Tents	False Ceilings	Hotels	Mobile Homes	Rice Mills	Trains
Assisted Living Facilities	City Missions	Food Processing Plants	Indoor Eating Establishments	Morgues	Schools	Transportation Equipment
Attics	Classrooms	Food Storage Areas	Industrial Installations	Mortuaries	Seed Production Facilities	Truck Trailers
Auditoriums	Closets	Freight Containers	Institution Dining Areas	Motels	Seed Warehouses	Trucks
Bakeries	Club Houses	Frozen Food Plants	Institutions	Movie Theaters	Ships	Tunnels
Barns	Coffee Shops	Fruit Packing Sheds	Jails	Museums	Ships	Universities
Bars	Colleges	Funeral Parlors	Kennels	Mushroom Processing Areas	Smoke Shops	USDA Inspected Facilities
Basements	Commercial Buildings	Garages	Laboratories	Nursing Homes	Spice Plants	Utilities
Bathrooms	Communication Centers	Garbage Bins	Laundromats	Office Buildings	Spice Production Facilities	Utility Rooms
Beverage Plants	Concession Stands	Garbage Cans	Lavatories	Other Public Buildings	Sports Stadiums	Vending Machines
Boats	Condominiums	Garbage Compactors	Libraries	Parking Garages	Stables	Veterinary Hospitals
Bottling Plants	Court Houses	Garbage Trucks	Liquor Stores	Passenger Railroad Cars	Storage Bins (areas)	Wall and Equipment Voids
Breweries	Crawl Spaces	Gas Stations	Livestock Barns	Peanut Warehouses	Storage or Processing Areas that contain Dried Fruit Products	Warehouses
Brewery Warehouses	Crematoriums	Grain Elevators	Livestock Hauling Equipment	Pool Halls	Stores	Washrooms
Buildings	Dairies	Grain Mills	Loafing Sheds	Poultry Houses	Supermarkets	Wheat Mills
Buses	Dairy Stalls and Holding Areas	Granaries	Locker Rooms	Poultry Plants	Swine Houses	Wholesale Stores
Cabinets	Day Care Centers	Grocery Stores	Mausoleums	Pounds	Taverns	Wineries
Cabins	Delicatessens	Health Care Facilities	Meat Packing Plants	Prisons		Zoos
Cafeterias	Department Stores	Herb Drying and Processing Facilities	Mess Halls	Public Storages		
Campers	Diners	Herb Warehouses	Milk Rooms	Rabbit Processing Plants		
	Dog Houses					

**OUTDOOR AREAS for use in and around:**

Alleys	Campgrounds	Exterior of Homes and Other Buildings	Grandstands	Parking Lots	Sanitary Sewers (manholes)	Underpasses
Amphitheaters	Car Washes	Fair Grounds	Greenhouses	Parks	School Yards	Urban Areas
Amusement Parks	Circuses	Feedlots	Junk Yards	Patios	Side Walks	Utility Rooms
Athletic Fields (baseball, football, soccer)	Construction Sites	Front Yards	Kennels	Playgrounds	Side Yards	Outdoors
Back Yards	Corrals	Game Fields	Levees	Racetracks	Stadiums	Weigh Stations
Balconies	Courtyards	Garbage Dumps	Livestock Pasture	Ranges	Tennis Courts	Wild Animal Parks
Baseball Fields	Curbs	Gardens	Manure Piles	Recreation Areas	Trees, Shrubs, Flowers and Foliage Plants	Wood Piles
Bleachers	Drive-In Restaurants	Gazebos	Outdoor Eating Establishments	Rest Areas	Truck Stops	Zoos and Other Similar Areas
Bridges	Drive-In Theaters	Golf Courses	Outdoor Growing Crops	Roadsides		
	Dumpsters			Rooftops		

**FOR USE ON:**

Beefalo	Cattle – beef and milking	Elk	Hogs	Mules	Poultry	Roosters
Birds	Chickens	Emus	Horses	Ostrich	Pullets	Sheep
Buffalo	Donkeys	Exotics	Lambs	Oxen	Quail	Swine
Calves	Ducks	Geese	Livestock	Pheasants	Ratites	Turkeys
		Goats	Llamas	Ponies		

**TO KILL THE FOLLOWING INSECTS:**

Angoumois Grain Moths	Cabbage Maggots	Darkling Beetles (lesser meal worm)	Grape Leafhoppers	Leafminers	Pink Bollworms	Spider Beetles
Ants (excluding fire and Pharaoh ants)	Cadelles	Diamondback Larvae and Moths	Grape Leaf Skeletonizers	Leafrollers	Potato Leafhoppers	Springtails
Aphids	Cankerworms	Dried Fruit Beetles	Grape Mealy Bugs	Leaftiers	Potato Tuberworms	Squash Bugs
Apple Maggots	Carrot Weevils	Drugstore Beetles	Grasshoppers	Lice	Poultry Lice	Stable Flies
Armored Scales	Caterpillars	Earwigs	Green Bugs	Loopers	Proba Bugs	Stink Bugs
Armyworms	Chalcids	Eastern Tent Caterpillars	Greenhouse Thrips	Lygus	Psyllids	Tobacco Moths
Artichoke Plume Moths	Cheese Skippers	Elm Leaf Beetles	Green Fruit Worms	Maggots	Red Flour Beetles	Tarnished Plant Bugs
Asparagus Beetles	Cherry Fruit Flies	Eriophyd Mites	Green Peach Aphids (adults & larvae)	Mealy Bugs	Rice Weevils	Thrips
Beet Armyworms	Cigarette Beetles	European Pine Tip Moths	Gypsy Moths	Mediterranean Flour Moths	Saltmarsh Caterpillars	Tomato Budworms
Bagworms	Clover Mites	Fire worms	Harlequin Bugs	Mexican Bean Beetles	Saw-Toothed Grain Beetles	Tomato Bugs
Bean Beetles	Clover Weevils	Fleas	Heliopsis spp.	Midges	Scales	Tomato Fruit worms
Beetles	Cockroaches	Flea Beetles	Horn Flies	Millipedes	Sharpshooters	Tomato Hornworms
Bermudagrass Mirids	12-spotted Cucumber Beetles	Forest Tent Caterpillars	Hornworms	Mites	Sheep "Tick" or Ked	Tomato Pinworms
Billbugs	Codling Moths	Fruit Flies	House Flies	Mole Crickets	Shore Flies	Tomato Russet Mite
Blister Beetles	Colorado Potato Beetles	Fruit Tree Leaf Rollers	Imported Cabbageworms	Moths	Shot Hole Borers	Tussock Moths
Blow Flies	Confused Flour Beetles	Fruitworms	Indian Meal Moths	Mushroom Flies	Silverfish	Vinegar Flies
Boll Weevils	Corn Earworms	Fungus Gnats	Japanese Beetles	Navel Orangeworms	Skippers	Vine Mealy Bugs
Boxelder Bugs	Crickets	Garden Symphylan	Katydid	Olive Fruit Flies	Small Flying Moths	Webworms
Branch and Twig Borers	Crane Flies	Glassy Winged Sharpshooters	Lace Bugs	Onion Maggots	Soft Scales	Weevils
Brown Dog Ticks	Cross-striped Cabbageworms	Gnats	Leaf-footed Plant Bugs	Orange Tortrix	Southern Chinch Bugs	Western Yellow-Striped Armyworms
Cabbage Loopers	Cucumber Beetles	Grain Mites	Leafhoppers	Pacific Flatheaded Borers	Sow Bugs	Whiteflies
	Dark Mealworms			Pear Psyllids	Spiders (excluding Brown Recluse Spiders)	Yellow Mealworms

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** It is recommended that the final spray mix be buffered to a pH of 5.5 - 7.0. Outside of this range pyrethrins can degrade and the product will lose effectiveness.

To avoid possible harm to honey bees and other beneficial insects, it is advisable to apply when the non-target insects are least active.

Pyrethrins degrade rapidly in sunlight. To ensure the best performance, coverage is key. Use spray equipment that will provide the best coverage and direct contact with as many insects as possible.

**TANK MIX:** This product may be tank mixed with other insecticides, acaricides, fungicides, adjuvants, and wetting agents. This application should conform to accepted use precautions and directions for both products. Tank mix applications must be made in accordance with the more restrictive of label limitations and precautions. No label application rates may be exceeded. This product cannot be mixed with any product with label prohibitions against such mixing.

Prior to tank mixing, a compatibility test should be conducted using the proper proportions of products and water to ensure the physical compatibility of the mixture.

**PHYTOTOXICITY NOTE:** Plant safety is an important consideration when using insecticides in a greenhouse. However, it is not possible to evaluate the phytotoxicity of Evergreen® Pyrethrum Concentrate on numerous plant varieties that may react differently to insecticides in different growth stages or under varying environmental conditions. Before making widespread applications of Evergreen® Pyrethrum Concentrate or tank mix combinations, treat a limited number of plants and observe for phytotoxicity over a 10-day period.

**FOR GROWING CROPS IN GREENHOUSES AND NURSERIES:** Apply 4.5 to 18 fluid ounces per acre (333 ml to 1,331 ml/Ha) by ground equipment in sufficient water for thorough coverage. This product may be applied by air at the rate of 4.5 to 18 fluid ounces per acre (333 ml to 1,331 ml/Ha) in a minimum of 20 gallons (75.6L) of water. Mix only enough for immediate use. Spraying should begin when insects first appear. Do not wait until plants are heavily infested. Do not apply more than 1 time per day.

**ORNAMENTALS:** Including: African Violet, Ageratum, Aster, Azalea, Begonia, Calceolaria, Calendula, Calla, Camellia, Carnation, Ceanothus, Cineraria, Chrysanthemum, Coleum, Cyclamen, Cypress, Daffodil, Dahlia, Delphinium, Dogwood, Elm, Eucalyptus, Fern, Ficus, Foliage Plants, Fuchsia, Gardenia, Geranium, Gladiolus, Gloxinia, Gypsophila, Holly, Hyacinth, Hydrangea, Iris, Lily, Maidenhair Fern, Marigold, Narcissus, Palm, Pansy, Peony, Pelargonium, Petunia, Philodendron, Phlox, Pine, Pyracantha, Rhododendron, Roses, Rubber Plant, Snapdragon, Sweet Pea, Tulips, Viburnum, Wandering Jew, Yew, Zinnia and Andromeda, Arborvitae, Ash, Beech, Birch, Boxwood, Cotoneaster, Crabapple, Euonymus, Fir, Firethorn, Forsythia, Hawthorn, Hemlock, Hickory, Honey Locust, Horse Chestnut, Juniper, Larch, Laurel, Lilac, Linden, Mimosa, Myrtle, Oak, Pine, Privet, Tulip Tree, Viburnum, Willow.

**FOR USE ON GREENHOUSE FRUIT, VEGETABLE, FLOWER AND FOLIAGE PLANTS:**

Combine 16 to 32 fluid ounces with 100 gallons (1.25 ml to 2.50 ml/L) of water for applications with conventional sprayers, or 7 to 15 ml (1/4 – 1/2 of a fluid ounce) per gallon (2 ml to 4 ml/L) of water for applications with handheld or backpack sprayers.

**FOR USE OUTDOORS ON TREES, SHRUBS, FLOWERS AND FOLIAGE PLANTS:**

Combine 16 to 32 fluid ounces of Evergreen® Pyrethrum Concentrate with 100 gallons of water for applications with conventional sprayers or 16 to 32 fluid ounces of Evergreen® Pyrethrum Concentrate with 10 gallons of water for applications with low volume mist blowers or 1/4 - 1/2 of a fluid ounce per gallon water for applications with handheld or backpack sprayers.

**FOR USE ON AND AROUND LISTED OUTDOOR AREAS:** To kill insects on Turf, Ornamental Plants, Gardens, Landscaping, Foundation Walls and Perimeters mix 1/4 to 1/2 of a fluid ounce of Evergreen® Pyrethrum Concentrate per gallon of water for applications with compressed air sprayers or pump driven sprayers.

**FOR USE IN VEGETABLE AND TRUCK GARDENS:** For commercial production of listed crops to kill listed insects dilute ¼ to ½ fluid ounces of EVERGREEN Pyrethrum Concentrate per gallon of water (2 ml/ L of water to 4 ml/L of water). Apply diluted solution with all types of agricultural sprayers, including compressed air sprayers or pump driven sprayers.

**USE INDOORS ON TREES, SHRUBS, FLOWERS AND FOLIAGE PLANTS:** Combine 16 to 32 fluid ounces of Evergreen® Pyrethrum Concentrate with 100 gallons of water for applications with conventional sprayers or 1/4 to 1/2 of a fluid ounce of Evergreen® Pyrethrum Concentrate per gallon of water for applications with handheld or backpack sprayers.

**FOR USE ON HARVESTED FRUITS AND VEGETABLES:** Apples, Blackberries, Blueberries, Boysenberries, Cherries, Crabapples, Currants, Dewberries, Figs, Gooseberries, Grapes, Guavas, Loganberries, Mangoes, Muskmelons, Oranges, Peaches, Pears, Peas, Pineapples, Plums, Raspberries, Tomatoes.

**DIRECT SPRAY TO FRUITS IN BASKETS, ON TRUCKS OR IN PROCESSING PLANTS:** To kill *Drosophila* spp., Tephritid spp., Fruit Flies, Vinegar Flies and other nuisance pests, dilute this concentrate at the rate of 1 part with 900 parts water (1 pint with 125 gallons of water). Thoroughly mix the emulsion in the spray tank and treat as follows:

- 1) Apply liberally to fruits and vegetables in baskets, on trucks and in plants. Use sprayers at a high pressure for applying at the rate of five or six pints of diluted spray to a 2-ton load of produce. Direct the spray for maximum coverage of the baskets or hampers. It is important to spray between and beneath the containers.
- 2) Spray the raw stock stacked in the yard.
- 3) Dip baskets in the diluted spray, after dumping the produce to kill adhering larvae and pupae.

### USE DIRECTIONS FOR INDOOR APPLICATIONS

Remove pets and birds and cover fish aquariums before spraying.

Kills only at time of application. Listed insect pests must be directly contacted to be effective.

Do not apply this product in patient rooms or in any rooms while occupied by the elderly or infirm. Patients should be removed prior to treatment. If application is done as a surface spray, patients may re-enter once the spray has dried. If application is done as a space spray, patient rooms should be thoroughly ventilated for 2 hours following spraying, and before returning patients to treated areas.

Do not apply in institutions (including libraries, schools, sports facilities, etc.) in the immediate area where occupants are present. Do not apply to classrooms while in use. Vacate rooms prior to treatment. If application is done as a surface spray, rooms should be thoroughly ventilated for 2 hours following spraying, and before re-entering treated areas.

**FOOD AREA USE:** Avoid contamination of food or feedstuffs. Do not apply directly to food. In the home all food processing surfaces, dishes and utensils should be covered during treatment or thoroughly washed before use.

### SURFACE SPRAY:

**FOR USE AS A SURFACE SPRAY IN LISTED INDOOR AREAS:** To kill accessible, exposed stages of listed crawling insects, dilute 1 - 3 fluid ounces of concentrate with one gallon of water, mix well and apply as a coarse wetting spray at the rate of 1 gallon of spray mixture per 750 square feet of surface. To ensure maximum kill of listed crawling insects, spray thoroughly into all cracks, moldings, crevices, walls, floors and surfaces of bins, storage and handling areas. Particular attention should be paid to areas where moisture collects such as drains, sinks, and water pipes and around the base of heavy machinery and equipment, contacting as many insects as possible. To kill ANTS (excluding fire and Pharaoh ants), spray directly into nests, along trails, and directly on all ants observed.

### Dilution Table for Surface Spray

Fluid ounces of concentrate per gallon of solution	Pounds of pyrethrum per gallon of solution	Percent pyrethrins in solution
1	0.0032	0.039%
2	0.0064	0.078%
3	0.0096	0.118%
4	0.0128	0.159%
5	0.0160	0.200%
6	0.0192	0.242%
7	0.0224	0.284%
8	0.0256	0.328%
12	0.0380	0.508%
16	0.0510	0.702%
22	0.0700	1.020%

### FOR FEDERALLY INSPECTED MEAT AND POULTRY PROCESSING FACILITIES:

To kill accessible, exposed stages of listed crawling insects, dilute 9 fluid ounces with one gallon of water and apply at the rate of 1 gallon to 750 square feet, paying special attention to force the spray into all cracks and crevices.

**SPACE SPRAY IN FOOD AND NONFOOD AREAS OF LISTED INDOOR AREAS:** For use in mechanical fogging or spraying equipment to kill accessible stages of listed FLYING AND CRAWLING INSECTS. Close room and shut off all air conditioners or ventilating equipment. Dilute at the rate of 1 part concentrate into 1 - 8 parts water (see table below) and mix well. Apply at the rate of 1 fluid ounce of diluted solution per 1,000 cubic feet of space, filling the room with mist. Direct the space treatment upward and whenever practical, keep doors and windows closed for at least 30 minutes after application. Vacate treated area and ventilate before re-entry.

This concentrate may also be diluted with oil. If the product is used in a certified organic facility, check with certification regulations regarding allowed oils. Any oil should also meet Federal Food Additive Regulation requirements as defined by CFR Title 21. Conduct a small jar compatibility test by mixing a small amount of oil and concentrate and observe the physical compatibility of the mixture. Dilute at the rate of 1 part of concentrate with up to 8 parts oil. Apply at the rate of 1 fluid ounce of diluted solution per 1,000 cubic feet of space.

When this product is applied as a space spray in food processing or food handling establishment applications should be confined to time periods when the plant is not in operation.

### Dilution Table for ULV Foggers

Dilution ratio		Ratio of concentrate to solution by volume	Ratio of water to solution by volume	Pounds of pyrethrum per 1,000 cu. ft. when applied at 1 fl. oz. per 1,000 cu. ft.	Percent pyrethrins in solution
Concentrate	Water				
Undiluted		1.00	0.00	0.0032	5.00%
1	1	0.50	0.50	0.0016	2.47%
1	2	0.33	0.67	0.0011	1.65%
1	3	0.25	0.75	0.00101	1.23%
1	4	0.20	0.80	0.00064	0.99%
1	8	0.11	0.89	0.00035	0.547%

**FOR USE ON SWEET POTATOES IN STORAGE:** To kill Fruit Flies and Vinegar Flies, dilute this concentrate at 1 part to 14 parts water (9 fluid ounces with one gallon of water). Apply as a space fog with a mechanical fogger capable of producing particles of aerosol size at the rate of 1 gallon diluted spray per 100,000 cubic feet of space. Apply only when flying insects are present. Several applications may be necessary during periods of heavy infestation, but do not make more than 10 applications.

**FOR USE ON STORED PRODUCTS:** The product can be used to kill accessible stages of listed insects on the following stored commodities: Almond Nutmeat and Shells, Barley, Beans, Birdseed, Buckwheat, Cocoa Beans, Corn, Cottonseed, Dried Apricots, Dried Fruit, Dried Prunes, Figs, Flax, Grain Nuts, Oats, Peanut, Pistachio, Raisins, Rice, Rye, Sorghum, Tobacco, Wheat, and Walnut Nutmeat and Shells held in storage.

**DRIED FRUIT PRODUCTS IN STORAGE OR BEING PROCESSED:** To kill the following stored product pests: Dried Fruit Beetle and Saw-Toothed Grain Beetle. Remove and destroy infested products. Dilute concentrate at the rate of 1 part concentrate to 8 parts water and mix well. Disperse the solution as a fine mist in the air above the trays and shelves. Do not apply to fruit directly. If the solution is applied as a space spray, use one ounce diluted spray per 1,000 cubic feet of space. Immediately following application, leave the room closed off for 1 hour. Thoroughly ventilate the treated area before re-entry. Do not apply more than 1 time per day. Sweep up and destroy fallen insects.

**ON ALMONDS, PEANUTS, PISTACIOS AND WALNUTS IN BULK OR IN BAGS:**

To kill the following stored product insects: Almond Moths, Angoumois Grain Moths, Ants (excluding fire and Pharaoh ants), Cadelles, Cigarette Beetles, Confused Flour Beetles, Drugstore Beetles, Flat Grain Beetles, Granary Weevils, Indian Meal Moths, Lesser Grain Borers, Maize Weevils, Mediterranean Flour Moths, Merchant Grain Beetles, Red Flour Beetles, Rice Weevils, Rusty Grain Beetles, Saw-Toothed Grain Beetles and Square-necked Grain Beetles, dilute 2.0 fluid ounces of Evergreen® Pyrethrum Concentrate per gallon of water and apply as a coarse wet spray over the top of stored nuts or the outside surface of stacked bagged nuts at the rate of 4 gallons per 1,000 square feet. Apply at weekly intervals for about 6 weeks and then at 15-day intervals. The first two applications should be applied at the rate of 4 gallons per 1,000 square feet and subsequent treatments should be applied at the rate of 2 gallons per 1,000 square feet.

**TREATMENT OF STORED GRAIN AND SEED AREAS:** For best results to kill stored product pests in grain and seed storage areas and stored grain and seed, treat the area when it is empty of product, as a protectant applied as commodity is put into storage, and as a surface spray once it is in storage.

**FOR USE IN STORAGE SITES:** This concentrate can be used to treat grain and seed in warehouse bins and trucks, cargo ships, mills, bin hoppers, elevators and conveying equipment as a clean up prior to using them for storage. In mills and elevators, all grain-infested accumulations should be removed from the bin hoppers. All storage areas and conveying equipment should be thoroughly cleaned by sweeping out the waste grain, cobwebs and other debris from the walls and rafters as well as on the floor and door frames with special attention to material lodged in the cracks and crevices. All debris should be removed and burned to kill eggs and insects that might be present.

For farms, particular attention should be given to cleaning up around the used feed and grain bags, grain residues from wagons, harvesting equipment and feed troughs. Newly harvested grain should not be placed in the same bin with carry-over grain, and all carry-over grain stocks that are not treated with grain protectant should be fumigated. These cleaning operations should be done within two or three weeks before harvest.

After above sanitation measures have been employed, spray all areas prior to use for storage with 1 part to 22 parts water (6 fluid ounces with one gallon of water) up to 1 part to 8 parts (1 pint with one gallon of water). Apply at the rate of one gallon per 750 square feet on walls, floors, ceilings and partition boards of bins, paying particular attention to forcing the spray into all cracks and crevices.

**FOR USE AS A GRAIN PROTECTANT:** This concentrate when diluted with water and sprayed directly on grains will effectively protect the grain against grain storage insects for a full season or approximately 8 months. Dilute at the rate of 1 part to 22 parts water (6 fluid ounces with one gallon of water). Thoroughly mix the emulsion and apply at the rate of 5 gallons per 1,000 bushels of grain as it is carried along a belt or as it enters the auger or elevator. This concentrate may be used in combination with a registered fumigant for use on heavily infested stored products.

Monthly inspections should be made. If the top 2 or 3 inches are infested, re-treat applying at the rate of 2 gallons of diluted material per 1,000 bushels of stored product.

**SURFACE TREATMENT OF STORED GRAIN AND SEED:** To kill Indian Meal Moths, Angoumois Grain Moths and Mediterranean Flour Moths, monthly inspections should be made after the grain is placed in storage. If the top two or three inches are infested, dilute 1 part Evergreen® Pyrethrum Concentrate with 14 parts of water and apply at the rate of 2 gallons per 1,000 square feet of grain. Rake the mixture into the grain to a depth of 4 inches.

**FOR USE ON LISTED ANIMALS:**

- 1) To kill Horn Flies, House Flies and Gnats, dilute at the rate of 1.5 to 3 fluid ounces per gallon (12 ml to 24 ml/L) of water and apply to wet hair thoroughly, paying particular attention to topline, underline, flanks, withers and other infested areas. Repeat treatment at intervals of 5 to 12 days for small insect populations or as needed when flies are emerging in large numbers.
- 2) To kill stable flies, dilute at the rate of 2.5 to 4 fluid ounces per gallon (20 ml to 32 ml/L) of water and apply at a quart per adult animal to wet hair thoroughly, paying particular attention to legs, flanks, barrel, topline and other body areas commonly attacked by these flies. Repeat treatment each week as needed.
- 3) To kill face flies, dilute at the rate of 2.5 fluid ounces per gallon (20 ml/L) of water and apply using spray, which produces large wetting droplets. Apply to face of animal in the morning before releasing to pasture. Apply sufficiently to wet the face but not more than 1-1/2 ounces (28.35 g – 42.52 g) of spray solution per animal. Repeat daily as needed.
- 4) To kill biting and sucking lice on livestock, dilute at the rate of 1 quart with 60 gallons (226.8L) of water (1.5 fluid ounces with 2 gallons [6 ml/L]) and spray to thoroughly wet hair of animal, including the head and brush of the tail. Repeat treatment in 10 days to kill newly hatched lice.
- 5) To kill poultry lice, use dilution of 2.5 to 4 fluid ounces of concentrate per gallon (20 ml to 32 ml/L) of water. Spray roosts, walls and nests or cages thoroughly. It is not necessary to remove poultry from the housing unit during treatment. This should be followed by spraying over the birds with a fine mist.
- 6) To kill mites on poultry and in poultry houses, dilute at the rate of 2.5 to 4 fluid ounces per gallon (20 ml to 32 ml/L) of water and spray crevices of roost poles, cracks in walls and cracks in nests where the mites hide. This should be followed by spraying over the birds with a fine mist.
- 7) To kill sheep "Tick" or Ked, dilute at the rate of 1.5 to 3 fluid ounces per 4 gallons (3 ml/L to 6 ml/L) of water and thoroughly wet all portions of the body by dipping or spraying with sufficient pressure and with a nozzle adjustment to give penetration of the wool. Treat at a rate sufficient to wet the animal.
- 8) To kill fleas and brown dog ticks on livestock and to obtain protection against reinfestation, dilute at the rate of 9 fluid ounces per gallon (71 ml/L) of water and wet the animal by dipping or spraying. This product may also be used for livestock/pet quarters. Do not spray pets. For best results against fleas and brown dog ticks on dogs and cats the kennels and/or animal quarters and bedding should be treated. Remove and destroy pet's old bedding. To reduce infestation, thoroughly spray the animal's bedding and sleeping quarters. Also spray the entire inside surface of dog houses. Put fresh bedding in pet's quarters after spray has dried. Also treat dogs and cats [pets] with a registered flea and tick control product before allowing them to reenter treated area.
- 9.) To kill adult darkling beetle (lesser meal worm) in poultry houses, dilute 2.0 – 5.0 teaspoons (10 – 25 ml) of EVERGREEN® Pyrethrum Concentrate per gallon of water. Using a power or proportioner-type sprayer, apply a uniform spray until wet at pressures of 80 to 100 pounds per square inch to surfaces such as interior walls, roosting posts, structural support pillars, and other surfaces where adult beetles are observed. One gallon of spray mixture covers 250 – 500 square feet (23 m<sup>2</sup> – 46 m<sup>2</sup>). Do not contaminate food/feed or water. For maximum effectiveness, treatments should coincide with each growout or sanitation procedure. Indoor control can be enhanced by making perimeter treatments around the outside of buildings. To prevent immigrating adult beetles, apply a uniform band of spray 2 feet (0.6 m) up and 1–4 feet (0.3 – 1.2 m) out from the foundation.

**FOR USE IN BARN, DAIRIES, MILKING PARLORS, MILKING ROOMS AND**

**POULTRY HOUSES:** To kill the following flying insects: Fruit Flies, Gnats and Small Flying Moths, dilute at the rate of 2.5 fluid ounces per gallon of water. Apply as a fog or fine mist (at approximately 2 fluid ounces per 1,000 cubic feet of space, directing the nozzle for maximum coverage and above livestock and poultry toward the ceiling and upper corners of the area being treated. For best results, close doors and windows before spraying, and keep them closed for 15 minutes immediately following application. Applicator should exit the treated area immediately, and thoroughly ventilate it before re-entry. Sweep up and destroy fallen insects.

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

### PESTICIDE STORAGE:

Keep this product in its tightly closed original container, when not in use. Store in a cool, dry (preferably locked) area that is inaccessible to children and animals.

### PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

### CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

**For containers with capacities equal to or less than 5 gallons:** Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

### HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

## CAUTION

Harmful if absorbed through skin. Harmful if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using toilet. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, socks, shoes, and chemical-resistant gloves.

### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category E on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants; chemical-resistant gloves, such as, Barrier Laminate, Nitrile Rubber, Neoprene Rubber, or Viton; shoes plus socks.

Follow manufacture's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep PPE and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

### User Safety Recommendations:

Users should: Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

## ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to aquatic organisms, including fish and invertebrates. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equivalent wash-waters.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees are actively visiting the treatment area.

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

## CAUTION PRECAUCIÓN

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.

(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

## FIRST AID

### IF SWALLOWED:

- Immediately call a poison control center or doctor.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

### IF IN EYES:

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

### IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:

- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-888-740-8712 for emergency medical treatment information.

